







HelmholtzZentrum münchen

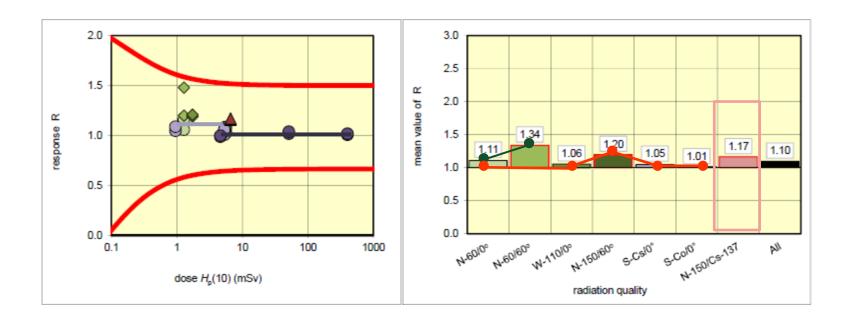
German Research Center for Environmental Health

EURADOS INTERCOMPARISON ON WHOLE BODY DOSEMETERS (2018) - IC2018_{ph} -

Special Cases



Irradiation plan was designed to check:

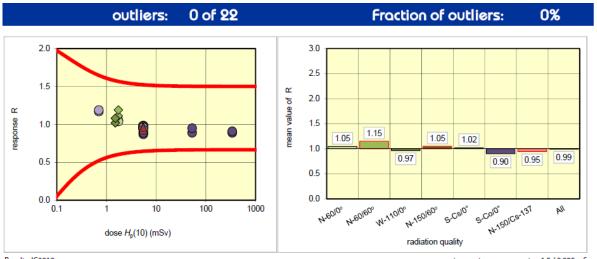


LINEARITY ANGULAR RESPONSE ENERGY RESPONSE MIXED X-ray+GAMMA

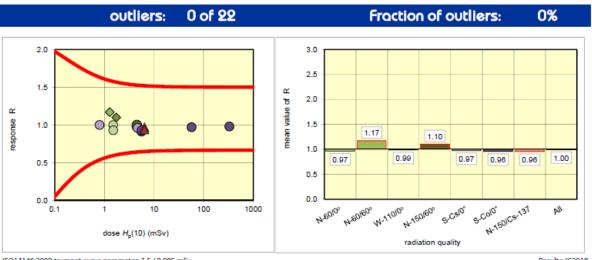
Compliance with ISO-14146:2010: "trumpet curves"

Examples of VERY GOOD $H_p(10)$ performance: All type of systems

FILM (RID: 1)



Results: IC2018 trumpet curve parameter: 1.5 / 0.085 mSv **TL** (RID: 71)

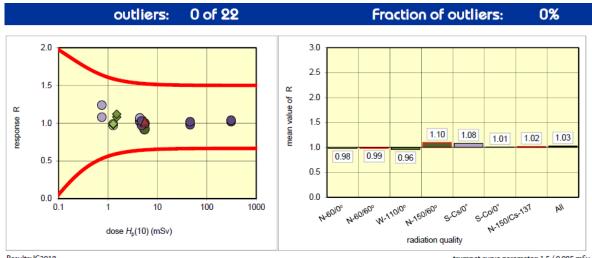


ISO14146:2000 trumpet curve parameter: 1.5 / 0.085 mSv

Results: IC2018

Examples of VERY GOOD $H_p(10)$ performance: All type of systems

OSL (RID: 25)



Results: IC2018 trumpet curve parameter: 1.5 / 0.085 mSv

Fraction of outliers: 0 of 22 0% outliers: 1.5 2.0 mean value of 1.5 1.0 1.15 1.14 1.01 1.0 0.96 0.5 0.87 0.85 0.87 0.5 0.0 N-150/C5-137 M-170100 N-150160° 4.60/60° 10 100 1000 dose $H_n(10)$ (mSv) radiation quality

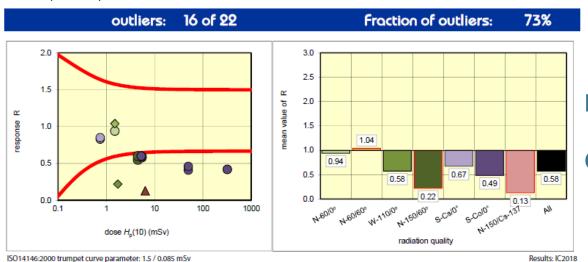
ISO14146:2000 trumpet curve parameter: 1.5 / 0.085 mSv

Results: IC2018

Other (RID: 119)

Examples of VERY POOR $H_p(10)$ performance:

FILM (RID: 2)

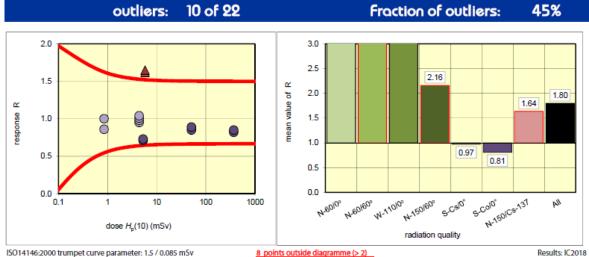


Film and TLD only

OSL and Other ≤ 3 outliers



TL (RID: 108)

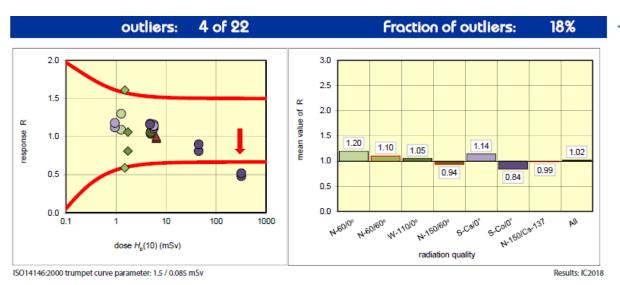


ISO14146:2000 trumpet curve parameter: 1.5 / 0.085 mSv

Linearity / High doses:

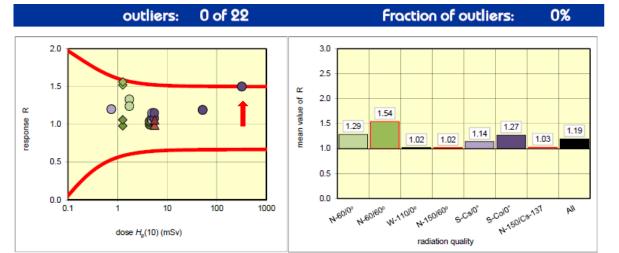
 $H_{p}(10)$

Good linearity of most systems with few outliers for high S-Co doses



TL(RID: 46)

Sub-linear response



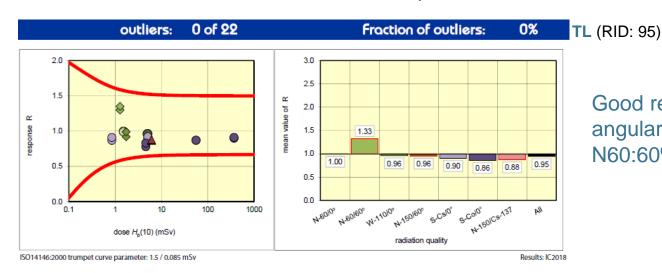
TL(RID: 49)

Supra-linear response

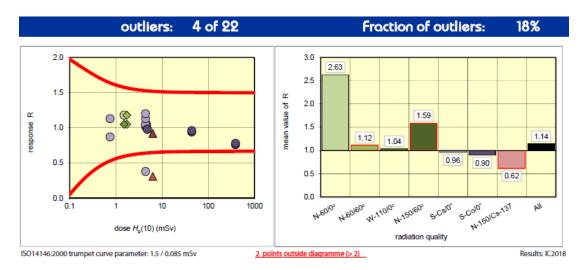
Angular response:

N60/60° General trend:

- over-response relative to N60/0°



Good results with a clear angular dependence for N60:60°



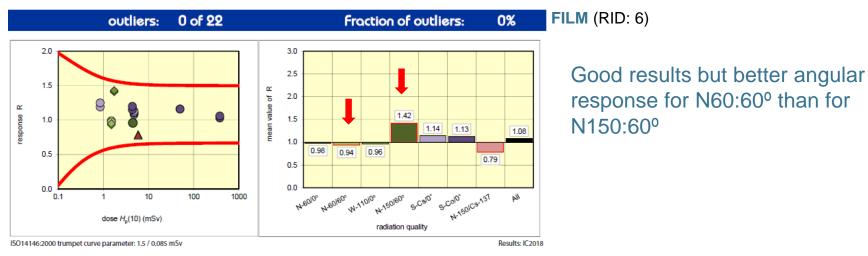
TL (RID: 107)

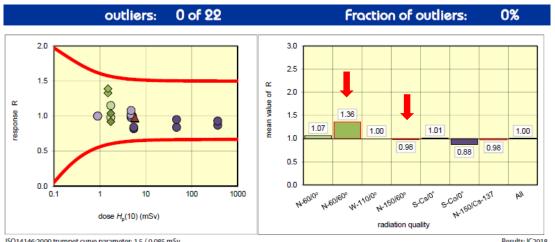
Anomalous response N60:0°

Angular response:

In general, same trend for N60:60° and N150:60° (over or under-response), but also:

Examples of angular response depending on x-ray energy:





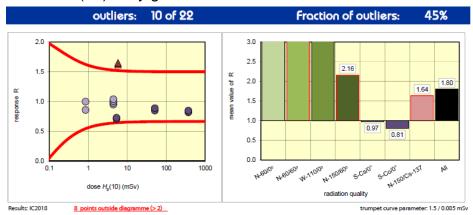
Other (RID: 118)

Good results also but the opposite behavior

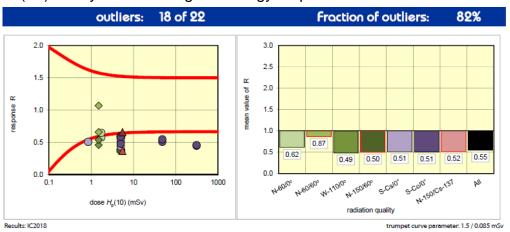
Energy response:

 $H_{p}(10)$

RID 108 (TL): only good for Cs and Co

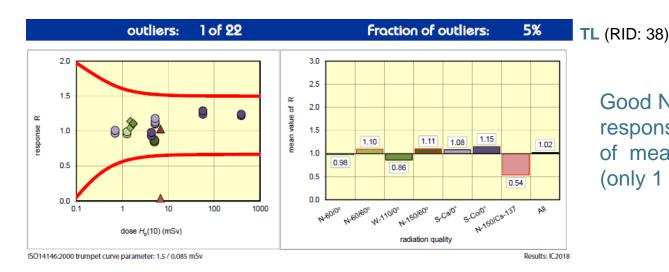


RID 48 (TL): many outliers but good energy response. CALIBRATION PROBLEMS

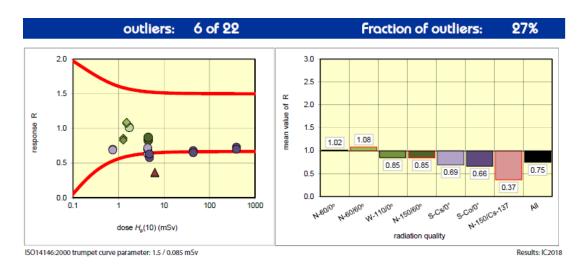


$H_{p}(10)$

Mixed N150+S-Cs radiation:



Good N150 and S-Cs responses but under-response of mean for mixed radiation (only 1 outlier)

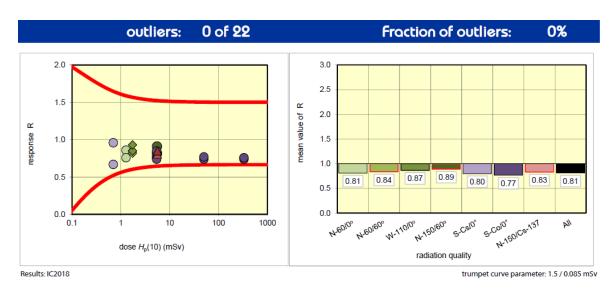


TL (RID: 81)

Under-response to N150 and S-Cs but much more pronounced for mixed radiation

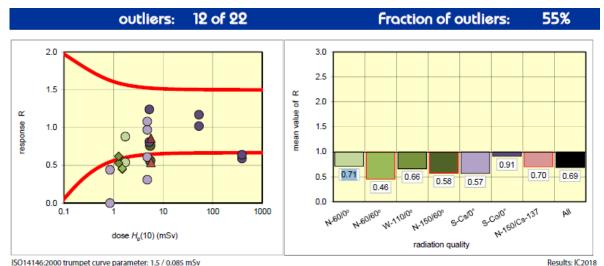
Calibration procedure can improve results:





TL (RID: 33)

Good results that can be improved by calibration factor



TL (RID: 40)

Number of outliers would be reduced by

Conclusions:

- Wide variation of performance for systems of the same type. Good procedures can produce good results with all type of systems.
- OSL and Other systems present very few outliers.
- High dose performance has improved compared with previous intercomparisons.
- Improvements are possible by checking calibration procedures, dose algorithms and badge design.
- This presentation dealt only with $H_p(10)$ results but the same conclusions can be drawn from $H_p(0.07)$ results, as the trends are usually the same for both quantities.